State of South Dakota

EIGHTY-FIRST SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2006

664M0159

SENATE BILL NO. 1

Introduced by: Senators Schoenbeck, Abdallah, Bogue, Koskan, and McCracken and Representatives Hennies, Cutler, Deadrick, Dykstra, Kraus, McCoy, McLaughlin, Michels, Murschel, O'Brien, Rhoden, Roberts, Rounds, Tornow, and Willadsen

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to provide for the mandatory withdrawal of blood or other
- 2 bodily substances subsequent to arrest for driving while under influence.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. That § 32-23-10 be amended to read as follows:
- 5 32-23-10. Any person who operates any vehicle in this state is considered to have given
- 6 consent to the withdrawal of blood or other bodily substance and chemical analysis of the
- 7 person's blood, breath, or other bodily substance to determine the amount of alcohol in the
- 8 person's blood and to determine the presence of marijuana or any controlled drug or substance
- 9 or any substance ingested, inhaled, or otherwise taken into the body as prohibited by § 22-42-15
- or any other substance that may render a person incapable of safely driving. The arresting law
- enforcement officer may, subsequent to the arrest of any operator for a violation of § 32-23-1,
- 12 require the operator to submit to the withdrawal of blood or other bodily substances as evidence.
- The person shall be requested by the officer to submit to the withdrawal of blood or other
- 14 bodily substance for chemical analysis or chemical analysis of the person's breath and shall be

- 2 - SB 1

advisad	h	4h a	offican	that.
auviscu	υy	tile	OTTICEL	mat.

1

2	(1)	If the person refuses to submit to the withdrawal or chemical analysis, no withdrawal
3		or chemical analysis may be required unless the person has been arrested for a third,
4		fourth, or subsequent violation of § 32-23-1, constituting a felony offense under
5		§ 32-23-4 or 32-23-4.6; has been arrested for vehicular homicide under § 22-16-41
6		or vehicular battery under § 22-16-42; or has been involved in an accident resulting
7		in death or serious bodily injury of another person;
8	(2)	If the person refuses to submit to the withdrawal or chemical analysis, the person's
9		driver's license shall be revoked for one year, unless pursuant to § 32-23-11.1 the
10		person pleads guilty to a violation of § 32-23-1 or 32-23-21, prior to a revocation
11		order being issued; and
12	(3)	The person has the right to have a chemical analysis performed by a technician of the
13		person's own choosing at the person's own expense, in addition to the test requested
14		by the officer.